READING FUTURE

Review Test

Compass Publishing

Class _____ **Name** _____

Review Test 1 (Units 1-4)

Vocabulary Check Up

A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.

drawings	stay	wonder	holes	steal

1. Today, scientists still _____ about who made the Nasca Lines and why.

2. The Nasca Lines are enormous _____ of patterns, animals, and other shapes.

3. Games come and go, but few _____ popular over hundreds of years.

B. Choose the correct answers.

4. The history of *weiqi* _____ over 2,000 years.

a. attempts b. proves c. goes back

5. Many people have tried to explain these ancient sites, but nobody knows the _____.

a. achievement b. truth c. minister

Comprehension Check Up

C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.

[6~8]

Archaeologists study the history of humans by looking for old tools and bones that were left behind by people. ① Sometimes ancient heritage sites are hard to find. Today, archaeologists can use satellite images to find them. ② The images can show holes where the thieves have looked for valuable things to steal. Satellite images make finding and protecting ancient treasures much easier. ③

6. What is the passage mainly talking about?

a. Putting satellites into space

b. Finding treasure in Egypt

c. Using satellite images to find heritage sites

7. Which is NOT true about the passage?

a. Satellite images helps thieves find treasure

b. Ancient heritage sites can sometimes be hard to find.

c. Thieves try to steal valuable things from heritage sites.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

They can also use these images to find signs of thieves.

a. ①
b. ②
c. ③

[9~11]
In 1947, some shepherd boys were taking care of goats. One of the boys went to look for a missing goat. He thought the goat went inside a ① (bone / cave / scholar). cave. Instead of the goat, he found very old ② (ministers / jars / ground) that were stored in a cave. He thought there would be ③ (treasure / winners / sites), but he found something more valuable—the Dead Sea Scrolls. These scrolls are still being studied today and are very important for our knowledge of history.

9. What were the shepherd boys doing?
a. Hiding treasure
b. Taking care of goats
c. Studying scrolls

10. Why are the Dead Sea Scrolls important?
a. Because they were stored in a valuable cave
b. Because it teaches events that happened in history
c. Because the shepherd boys sold them

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

①	a. bone	b. cave	c. scholar
②	a. ministers	b. jars	c. ground
③	a. treasure	b. winners	c. sites

D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.

[12~13]
Puma Punku is a monument made of cut stones. It is located in Bolivia at 12,800 feet above sea level. The very large stones fit perfectly together like a puzzle. Some have right angles and are as smooth as glass. They look like they were cut by modern machines or lasers. Whoever made them must have had a deep understanding of stone-cutting and geometry. ① (about / Puma Punku / remain / questions / Many / unanswered.)

12. What is Puma Punku made of?

_____

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

_____

[14~15]
Go is an old game that is truly unique. Go is the Japanese name for an ancient Chinese gamed called *weiqi*. Some people believe this game might be up to 4,000 years old. Emperors played this game during the time of Confucius. Over time, the game spread to Korea. Then it reached Japan around 400 CE. However, Go because popular in Japan only in the 1600s.

14. Where is Go from?

_____

15. Who played *weiqi* in China?

_____

Review Test 2 (Units 5-8)

Vocabulary Check Up

A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.

nation	covers	wide	level	over

1. The Amazon is so big that it _____ half of South America.

2. Bhutan is a tiny _____ in the Himalayan mountains.

3. The Amazon River is 200 miles _____.

B. Choose the correct answers.

4. The Amazon River _____ from the Andes Mountains to the Atlantic Ocean.

a. flows b. suggests c. permits

5. The king of Bhutan _____ visitors from other nations to keep its traditional way of life.

a. worships b. disappears c. limits

Comprehension Check Up

C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.

[6~8]

The Golden Temple is a world-famous temple in India. ① In fact, people consider it a "must-see." ② The Golden Temple sits in the middle of a small lake in the city of Amritsar. This amazing temple is really golden. All of the walls of the Golden Temple are made of marble and covered in sheets of gold and copper. ③ Anyone is welcome as long as they show respect. Visitors can hear music and the sound of Sikhs worshiping.

6. What is the passage mainly talking about?

a. The Golden Temple is the oldest temple in India.

b. Many Sikhs go to the Golden Temple to worship.

c. The Golden Temple is an amazing place to visit.

7. Which is NOT true about the passage?

a. The Golden Temple is made of copper.

b. The Golden Temple is located in Amritsar.

c. Tourists are welcome to visit.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

There are also precious stones covering various parts of the temple.

a. ①
b. ②
c. ③

[9~11]

Scientists are worried that climate change can cause ① (temples / waves / islands) to drown. As the Earth warms, ice sheets ② (melt / threaten / cover), which causes sea ③ (percent / levels /strengths) to rise. In the Pacific Ocean, five tiny islands have already disappeared. Climate change is now threatening six other nearby islands. The land is turning into sea. When land turns into sea, people are forced to move to other, higher islands or land in different countries.

9. Why are scientists worried about climate change?
a. Because ice sheets are increasing
b. Because ocean water is decreasing
c. Because islands are disappearing

10. What happens to the people who live on islands that disappear?
a. They drown.
b. They have to move.
c. They threaten countries.

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

①	a. temples	b. waves	c. islands
②	a. melt	b. threaten	c. cover
③	a. percent	b. levels	c. strengths

D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.

[12~13]

① (high / is / the Himalayas. / Bhutan / in / a tiny country) The king of Bhutan is very strict. For example, people who work for the country or in schools must wear special traditional clothing. Men wear a knee-length robe tied at the waist. Women wear an ankle-length dress. Also, until 1999, it was impossible to watch television or use the internet. Bhutan was one of the last countries in the world to get television. The king said television was important to help make Bhutan more modern.

12. Why did the king decide to allow people to watch television?

_____

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

_____

[14~15]

The Amazon rainforest has been called the "lungs of our planet." This is because it makes more than twenty percent of the oxygen the Earth needs. The rainforest has the largest number of plants and animals in the world. In just three acres of rainforest, you can find over 750 kinds of trees and 1,500 kinds of plants. Twenty five percent of all medicine is made from rainforest plants.

14. Why is the rainforest called the "lungs of our planet"?

_____

15. What can be made from the plants in the Amazon?

_____

Review Test 3 (Units 9-12)

Vocabulary Check Up

A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.

clear	report	phrase	location	sunset

1. "Raining cats and dogs" is a _____ that means it is raining a lot.

2. We can see a red and orange _____ in the early evening.

3. The sky is bright blue on a _____ day.

B. Choose the correct answers.

4. What is a period of bad weather with a lot of rain and wind called?

a. a region b. an ash c. a storm

5. Which of the following is a particle found in air?

a. dust b. event c. cycle

Comprehension Check Up

C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.

[6~8]

Light comes to Earth from the Sun. ① Small gas particles in the air absorb some light waves and reflect others. ② Very small light waves are absorbed by most of the small gas particles and show as blue light. If there are bigger particles in the air, we cannot see the blue light waves. ③ This causes us to see only the yellow and red light waves, making sunsets yellow and red.

6. What is the passage mainly talking about?

a. Gas particles and light waves
b. Dust particles in the air
c. The Sun and the Moon

7. Which is NOT true about the passage?

a. Yellow and red light waves makes sunsets look yellowish-red.
b. We can see blue when there are bigger particles in the air.
c. Small gas particles absorb very small light waves.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

This is because the bigger particles stop them from getting to our eyes.

a. ①
b. ②
c. ③

[9~11]
Humans have been trying to change the weather since the mid-1940s. Scientists want to ① (prevent / seed / damage) rain from ② (spoiling/ shining / heating) special days and events such as Victory Day and the Olympics. First, scientists ③ (evaporate / reflect / select) the place and time. Then they shoot dry ice into clouds. This can make raindrops smaller, stopping the rain until the clouds move away. In the future, scientists hope they will learn how to control big storms and stop climate change. Changing the weather could save lives.

9. What does dry ice do to clouds?
a. Moves the clouds away
b. Makes the raindrops smaller
c. Creates more rain

10. What do scientists hope changing weather in the future do?
a. Cause climate change
b. Make clouds
c. Save lives

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

①	a. prevent	b. seed	c. damage
②	a. spoiling	b. shining	c. heating
③	a. evaporate	b. reflect	c. select

D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.

[12~13]
Water on Earth is always moving round and round, like a wheel turning. This is called the water cycle. The sun heats the water in the oceans, and then the water evaporates into the air. The water in the air come together to form large clouds. ① (these / over / The wind / the land. / clouds / moves) When clouds meet cold air, the water comes down in the form of rain or snow. Most of this water goes down into rivers and streams, and finally back into the ocean. Then the water cycle begins again.

12. How is rain and snow made?

_____

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

_____

[14~15]
Have you ever heard the saying "raining frogs"? The people of Odzaci, Serbia were surprised on a June afternoon in 2005. They were expecting a storm, but frogs fell instead of rain. Weather scientists say this kind weather is not uncommon. This happens when a tornado sucks up the frogs from water and lets go of the frogs as it starts to lose energy. In fact, it has happened with other animals, too.

14. What happened in Odzaci in 2005?

_____

15. According to weather scientists, how did the frogs go up into the sky?

_____

Review Test 4 (Units 13-16)

Vocabulary Check Up

A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.

task	nearly	succeed	international	challenging

1. English is becoming a(n) _____ language.

2. Today, there _____ seven thousand languages spoken in the world.

3. Learning a second language can be _____.

B. Choose the correct answers.
4. People want to learn a second language in order to _____
a. succeed b. loan c. gain

5. English has no word for "kimchi"; _____, the English language uses "kimchi."
a. journey b. perhaps c. therefore

Comprehension Check Up

C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.

[6~8]
There are many words that are taken from one language and used in another.
① They are called loanwords. One example is "bonsai." ② The word came directly from Japanese to English. It was borrowed because English has no other word for it.
③ Therefore, the meaning of the word is the same in Japanese and English--there is no difference.

6. What is the passage mainly talking about?
a. Different words that have the same meaning
b. New words that are created in English
c. Words that are borrowed from another language

7. Which is NOT true about the passage?
a. "Bonsai" is a word only in English.
b. "Bonsai" is a Japanese word.
c. "Bonsai" means the same thing in English and Japanese.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

This word is Japanese.

a. ①
b. ②
c. ③

[9~11]
When people of different cultures can communicate, it leads to better understanding and a greater ① (range / chance / ballet) of living together peacefully. However, trying to decide on a common language has caused many ② (solutions / communication / arguments). A man named Dr. Zamenhof believed the best solution would be for everyone to learn a new language. He created a new language called Esperanto. Unfortunately, it achieved only limited success. Today, Dr. Zamenhof's goal is being met through computers and ③ (Korean / confusing / universal) language programs.

9. What was Dr. Zamenhof's goal?
a. People to speak many languages
b. People to exist together peacefully
c. People to have more arguments

10. What happened to Esperanto?
a. It was not very popular.
b. Everyone studied it.
c. It disappeared.

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

①	a. range	b. chance	c. ballet
②	a. solutions	b. communication	c. arguments
③	a. Korean	b. confusing	c. universal

D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.

[12~13]

English has changed a lot through the years. ① (between / Greek words / appearing / 120 BCE to 1450 CE. / Some / started / in English) The reason was because Greek was essential for people traveling along the Silk Road. Traders moved from Asian and African through Greece, which was the gate into Europe. Traders brought their stories with them. As these stories became popular, words from them began appearing in local languages.

12. Why did people travel through Greece?

_____

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

_____

[14~15]

Learning a second language can help make communication easier. When thinking about which language to learn, it is important to consider your end goal. Chinese is a language spoken by many people in the world. But it can be difficult to learn. English is also sometimes hard to learn because spelling and grammar is confusing. Spanish has a simpler structure which could make it a good choice.

14. What should you think about when choosing which language to learn?

_____

15. Why is English difficult to learn?

_____