

**Class**

**Name**

## Review Test 1 (Units 1-4)

### Vocabulary Check Up

**A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.**

decide	famous	modern	unique	since
--------	--------	--------	--------	-------

1. Art is becoming much more interesting because the viewer can \_\_\_\_\_ with it.
2. Luke Jerram is an artist who has been putting pianos in cities \_\_\_\_\_ 2008.
3. Twyla Tharp studied ballet and \_\_\_\_\_ dance in New York.

**B. Choose the correct answers.**

4. \_\_\_\_\_ guitar lessons can save you money, and some are even free.  
a. Media                                      b. Online                                      c. Tutor
5. You can \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher if you like children and teaching.  
a. skip    b. combine                                      c. become

### Comprehension Check Up

**C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.**

**[6-8]**

Viewers can interact with new media art. ① This kind of art gives each viewer an exciting experience because it is different for everyone. The art uses technology to bring artists together with viewers. One artist used computers to control a wall of faces. ② They were robots. Their eyes opened and followed viewers when they moved. ③ This was a unique way for each viewer to become part of the art.

6. What is the passage mainly talking about?  
a. Art that is becoming more exciting because it uses robots.  
b. A new type of art that uses technology to involve the viewer.  
c. New technology that uses robots to make art.

7. Which is NOT true about the passage?
- a. The robots could not open their eyes.
  - b. The robots' eyes followed the movements of the viewer.
  - c. The robots were controlled by a computer.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

The faces were not human.

- a. ①                      b. ②                      c. ③

**[9–11]**

Luke Jerram is an artist who puts ① (signs / pianos / robots) in some cities. He puts them on streets, in parks, and at bus stops. He has done this for many years. The pianos have signs that say, "Play me, I'm yours." Any person can play the pianos and be street ② (musicians / reasons / media). People in more than twenty cities, such as London and New York, have enjoyed Jerram's ③ (technology / art / course).

9. Who can play the pianos that Jerram puts on the streets?
- a. Musicians
  - b. Only Jerram
  - c. Everyone
10. Where does Jerram put his pianos?
- a. Streets, parks, and bus stops.
  - b. Parks and bus stops.
  - c. Streets and parks.
11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.
- |                 |            |           |
|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| ① a. signs      | b. pianos  | c. robots |
| ② a. musicians  | b. reasons | c. media  |
| ③ a. technology | b. art     | c. course |

**D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.****[12–13]**

Some people learn guitar through online courses. There are lots of good reasons to take online courses. ① (can / any time / Students / study / online / at). Online lessons can start in the morning or at night, whenever you want. There are also certain online courses that are cheap or free. Students can even learn alone through online lessons, which makes some students feel less nervous.

12. What is one reason why people should take online guitar lessons?

---

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

---

**[14–15]**

When she was young, Twyla Tharp took many dance lessons. Tharp created her own kind of dancing by mixing ballet and natural movements like running, walking, and skipping. Tharp became very famous for her new way of dancing. She created dances for stage, movies, and television. Today, some of her dances are still done regularly by dance schools around the world.

14. What did Twyla Tharp become famous for?

---

15. What did Tharp create dances for?

---

**Review Test 2 (Units 5-8)****Vocabulary Check Up**

**A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.**

egg      scientist      clever      tail      compare

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ is studying the DNA of extinct animals.
2. The octopus can use its big brain to do \_\_\_\_\_ things.
3. The life cycle of a frog begins with a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Choose the correct answers.**

4. A \_\_\_\_\_ is somebody who is a part of your family.  
a. layer                      b. pipe                      c. relative
5. The old man \_\_\_\_\_ his hands together to keep warm.  
a. stretched                      b. rubbed                      c. ripped

**Comprehension Check Up**

**C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.**

**[6–8]**

Scientists are studying the DNA of an extinct animal. ① A woolly mammoth was found in Siberia. They want to make a copy of the animal. To do this, they have to take the DNA out of a cell from the woolly mammoth. ② Next, they would put the DNA into an egg. Then, they would put the egg into an elephant where it would grow. ③

6. What is the passage mainly about?  
a. Extinct animals that were found in Siberia.  
b. Scientists that study the DNA of elephants.  
c. Using DNA to bring extinct animals back to life.
7. Which is NOT true about the passage?  
a. DNA would be taken out of a woolly mammoth's cell.  
b. Scientists want to make a copy of an elephant.  
c. A woolly mammoth was found in Siberia.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

Finally, a baby woolly mammoth would be born.

- a. ①                      b. ②                      c. ③

**[9–11]**

An octopus is a very clever sea animal. This animal is very smart because it uses its big ① (bounce / tail / brain). However, it sometimes gets into trouble. One octopus ② (escaped / copied / breathed) from its tank. First, it pushed out of a small gap. Then it went down a ③ (pipe / layer / pond). Finally, it returned to the ocean.

9. Where did one octopus return to?

- a. The tank  
b. The aquarium  
c. The ocean

10. What did the octopus do to cause a trouble?

- a. It pulled out a tube.  
b. It flew into the sky.  
c. It escaped from its tank.

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

- |              |           |             |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| ① a. bounce  | b. tail   | c. brain    |
| ② a. escaped | b. copied | c. breathed |
| ③ a. pipe    | b. later  | c. pond     |

**D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.**

**[12–13]**

The life cycle of a frog begins with an egg. Mother frogs lay their eggs in ponds. Tadpoles come from the eggs. The tadpoles grow into frogs. ① (long / swimming / have / Tadpoles / for / tails / legs). As they grow, these get smaller. Their front and back legs get bigger. When tadpoles become frogs, they don't have tails. They only have legs.

12. What does the life cycle of a frog begin with?

\_\_\_\_\_

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

\_\_\_\_\_

**[14–15]**

A snake's skin does not stretch like other animals'. So they need to shed their skin to keep growing. It comes off like a sock. The old skin comes off when a layer of new skin grows underneath. To shed its skin, the snake rubs against a rock or a tree to make a rip. Then it uses water to help get out of the old skin. Sometimes, you can see snakes swim in water.

14. When does the snake's skin come off?

---

15. What does the snake use to help get out of its skin?

---

**Review Test 3 (Units 9-12)****Vocabulary Check Up**

**A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.**

adventure      partly      awards      objects      sick

1. Engineers are already making glasses for people who are \_\_\_\_\_ blind.
2. My sister loves \_\_\_\_\_, so she is going to travel around Africa this summer.
3. Stevie Wonder is a famous singer who has won many \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Choose the correct answers.**

4. Can you give me \_\_\_\_\_ to the hospital?  
a. documents                      b. directions                      c. accident
5. I am going on a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ to Brazil this summer.  
a. award                              b. instrument                      c. adventure

**Comprehension Check Up**

**C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.**

**[6-8]**

① A camera is put on the smart glasses. Objects appear brighter and bigger so that partly blind people can see better. ② In some smart glasses, a computer voice tells the person what is in front of them. They guess the feelings of the people they see in front of them. They say what color clothing people are wearing. They can also give directions. ③

6. What is the passage mainly about?  
a. Sunglasses for smart people  
b. Smart glasses for engineers  
c. Smart glasses for blind people
7. Which is NOT true about the passage?  
a. Engineers give directions for blind people to follow.  
b. Smart glasses can tell blind people about clothing color.  
c. There is a camera on the smart glasses.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

Engineers have made smart glasses for people who are partly blind.

- a. ①                      b. ②                      c. ③

**[9–11]**

Most people use sight to read. However, not all people do. Some people require raised dots to read. This is called braille. Braille was ① (developed / learned / communicated) around 1825 by Louis Braille. He became blind when he was a child because of a(n) ② (accident / tutor / object). Even though he was ③ (deaf / sick / blind), he was a good student. He learned about how French soldiers used “night writing.” This was how soldiers communicated quietly in the dark. Using this idea, Louis created a way for blind people to read and write.

9. How did the French soldiers communicate at night?

- a. They used “night writing.”
- b. They didn’t communicate at night.
- c. They used braille.

10. What does braille look like?

- a. Raised dots
- b. Night writing
- c. Letters on a page

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

- |               |              |                 |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| ① a. learned  | b. developed | c. communicated |
| ② a. accident | b. tutor     | c. object       |
| ③ a. deaf     | b. sick      | c. blind        |



**D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.****[12–13]**

Stevie Wonder is a famous blind musician. He learned by hearing, touching, and smelling things. He didn't always know just how good his hearing was. ① (this / learned / He / about / school / at). One day, he caught a mouse by listening for it. This taught him that his ears were special. Throughout his life, he has not let being blind stop him from doing what he wants to do.

12. What did he catch at school by listening?

---

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

---

**[14–15]**

As a child, life was not easy for Helen Keller. She didn't know how to communicate with people because she was deaf and blind. A tutor, Anne Sullivan, started working with Helen. Anne taught Helen how to read and communicate by using her hands. This changed Helen's life. Using these new skills, Helen studied hard and went to a famous school for women. She went on to write books and have an amazing life.

14. Why was life difficult for Helen when she was young?

---

15. What did Helen learn with the help of a tutor?

---

**Review Test 4 (Units 13-16)****Vocabulary Check Up**

**A. Write the right word in each blank. There are two extra words.**

potato

effort

designs

harvest

plain

1. Cooking can take a lot of time and \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Some people like their food \_\_\_\_\_ with no salt on it.
3. After farmers \_\_\_\_\_ the corn, they ship them to stores and restaurants.

**B. Choose the correct answers.**

4. My aunt's \_\_\_\_\_ for potato soup is the best.  
a. spoon                      b. recipe                      c. microwave
5. The first step is to wash and \_\_\_\_\_ the apples.  
a. slice                      b. fold                      c. remember

**Comprehension Check Up**

**C. Read the following passages and choose the correct answers.**

**[6-8]**

3D food printing is a fast and easy way to make food. ① Cooking can take a lot of effort, but 3D food printing does not. ② Then you wait and watch as the 3D food printer prints out shapes of the food for you to eat. ③ Some restaurants already use 3D printers to make designs for candy, chocolate, and pancakes. One 3D printer uses fresh ingredients to make brownies, pasta, and pizza.

6. What is the passage mainly about?  
a. Using a 3D printer to make food  
b. Using a 3D printer to make cupcakes  
c. Using a 3D printer to print out designs
7. Which is NOT true about the passage?  
a. One 3D printer uses fresh ingredients.  
b. Most restaurants already use 3D printing.  
c. 3D printing is a fast and easy way to make food.

8. What is the best place for the sentence below?

You just put the ingredients into the printer and push a button.

- a. ①                      b. ②                      c. ③

**[9–11]**

You do not need to buy popcorn from the store. You can make popcorn in the microwave with just a bag and some popcorn kernels. Put the kernels in a brown paper bag. Fold the top of the bag to ① (close / push / peel) it. Then put the bag in the microwave for a few minutes. When the popping ② (shapes / sounds / degree) stop, your popcorn is done. Making popcorn this way is ③ (hard / slow / easy) and does not cost a lot of money.

9. What do you need to make popcorn at home?

- a. Some special corn  
b. A bag and some butter  
c. A bag and some corn

10. How do you know when the popcorn is ready?

- a. The popping sounds stop.  
b. The popcorn starts to smell.  
c. The popcorn falls out of the bag.

11. What is the correct answer for each number? Choose the best answer.

- |             |           |            |
|-------------|-----------|------------|
| ① a. close  | b. push   | c. peel    |
| ② a. shapes | b. sounds | c. degrees |
| ③ a. easy   | b. slow   | c. hard    |

**D. Read the following passages and write the correct answers.**

**[12–13]**

Farmers harvest potatoes. A potato is turned into chips in a factory. A machine peels the potatoes. ① (cut / Blades / slices / the potatoes / into / thin). Machines wash, dry, and fry the chips. Then a different machine adds salt. Chips are put in bags. The factory ships them to stores. This process is how potato chips are made.

12. Where is a potato turned into a chip?

---

13. Unscramble sentence ①.

---

**[14–15]**

Old cookbooks can show us when foods began to be made. For example, some old cookbooks from the 1800s have cupcake recipes in them. Sometimes, these were called “number cakes.” The recipe was easy to remember because of the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, and 1. These numbers are the number of each thing to use in the recipe. These cupcakes need butter, sugar, and flour. They also need eggs, milk, and baking soda.

14. What can show us when foods began to be made?

---

15. What ingredients do these cupcakes or “number cakes” need?

---