

**Unit 1. Robot Helpers**

- A. ④ But robots can teach valuable lessons, too.
- B. ② And robot servers can take food orders in restaurants.
- C. ③ Many people have seen toy robots.
- D. ① They provide many services.

**Unit 2. Confidence Through Volunteering**

- A. ① You only need a few extra hours a week to volunteer.
- B. ④ That means they feel better about themselves.
- C. ② You will feel great about helping others.
- D. ③ You will also feel great about yourself.

**Unit 3. A National Hero**

- A. ③ His cancer had come back.
- B. ② He called this the Marathon of Hope.
- C. ④ Although Terry never finished his Marathon of Hope, he inspired many people.
- D. ① But now, Terry wanted to do more.

**Unit 4. The Boy Who Grew His Hair**

- A. ③ His hair grew below his shoulders.
- B. ① When he was five, he started growing his hair for charity.
- C. ④ But Vinny didn't mind the criticism.
- D. ② He grew his hair for two years.

**Unit 5. How to Be a Writer**

- A. ② They want the opportunity to reach those followers.
- B. ③ Bloggers can make a lot of money by working with advertisers.
- C. ④ Writing a blog gives writers the chance to explore their love of writing.
- D. ① They learn what readers like and don't like.

**Unit 6. Time Machine**

- A. ④ The future Earth seems like paradise.
- B. ② It has no creatures except for the Eloi.
- C. ③ They help him and give him food to eat.
- D. ① He builds a time-travel machine.

**Unit 7. The Two Faces of Dr. Jekyll**

- A. ① I'd rather be outside playing soccer.
- B. ④ It turned him into a man called Mr. Hyde.
- C. ② There are two characters who are really two parts of the same person.
- D. ③ He was always in his laboratory doing research.

**Unit 8. The Real Robin Hood?**

- A. ① Robin Hood was a hero for the people of England.
- B. ④ In the early 1300s, a real man named Robert Hood lived in England.
- C. ③ Other people think there was a real Robin Hood.
- D. ② However, some people say that Robin Hood was not a real person.

**Unit 9. Living to 150!**

- A. ④ It's possible that with better healthcare, people could live forever.
- B. ② They have learned more about healthy lifestyles.
- C. ① Disease is a problem that shortens lifespans.
- D. ③ In fact, the first person who will live to 150 may be alive right now.

**Unit 10. People with Super Taste**

- A. ② These groups are non-tasters, medium-tasters, and super-tasters.
- B. ③ Some people do not have very many taste buds.
- C. ④ Other people have a lot.
- D. ① Scientists now think they know why.

**Unit 11. Children's Heights**

- A. ② This growth may be faster during some months.
- B. ③ Children typically grow more in spring and summer than at other times of the year.
- C. ④ Most girls start this growth period before boys.
- D. ① This is around half the amount they grew in their first year.

**Unit 12. Your Powerful Lungs**

- A. ④ The lobe on the left is smaller to make room for your heart.
- B. ① However, your lungs are equally, if not more, important.
- C. ③ Your lungs are in your upper chest and consist of two parts, or lobes.
- D. ② They are responsible for sending oxygen into your blood.

**Unit 13. Big Data and Math**

- A. ① They use this to find the best age for their advertising targets.
- B. ③ Teachers can find out how long pupils have worked online.
- C. ② This helps them find new customers.
- D. ④ Big data can be interesting and helpful.

**Unit 14. The Origin of Measurement**

- A. ② One hundred centimeters make up one meter.
- B. ③ At first, the people of France did not accept the metric system.
- C. ① The result was the metric system.
- D. ④ Only three countries still use the Imperial system.

**Unit 15. Beautiful Examples of Balance in Nature**

- A. ② Radial symmetry is symmetry around a center point.
- B. ① It is also in the pattern on their tail feathers.
- C. ③ These lines are almost equally spaced apart.
- D. ④ Nature is full of symmetrical objects.

**Unit 16. Probability**

- A. ① Probability is the possibility of something happening.
- B. ④ Therefore, there is a one-in-six chance of rolling a 3 on a dice.
- C. ② But we can use math to find out how likely something is.
- D. ③ Can you guess the probability of rolling a 3 on a dice?